

## FORM 9 – NEED FOR ASSISTANCE (NFA) WORKSHEET (REQUIRED)

The worksheet is presented in three sections: Core Barriers, Core Health Indicators, and Other Health and Access Indicators. Refer to the Data Resource Guide (available at <a href="http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply/assistance/NAP">http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply/assistance/NAP</a>) for recommended data sources and methodology. To ensure data consistency and validity, applicants must adhere to the following instructions when completing the form. Applicants will be asked to verify the validity of NFA data on the Summary Page Form.

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Only one NFA Worksheet will be submitted per applicant regardless of the number of new access points proposed.

- **New start applicants** must complete the NFA Worksheet based on the entire proposed scope of project.
- Satellite applicants must complete the NFA Worksheet based on the proposed new access point(s) ONLY.

If an applicant proposes **multiple sites, populations, and/or service areas**, the NFA Worksheet responses should represent the total combined population for all sites. **Only one response may be submitted for each barrier or health indicator.** 

### **Guidelines for Completing the NFA Worksheet:**

- If no response is provided for a particular barrier or health indicator, or if the data source and date for the response are not provided, no points will be awarded for that barrier or health indicator.
- All responses must be expressed as a finite number (e.g., 212.5) and cannot be presented as a range (e.g., 31-35).

- Recommended data sources are identified in the Data Resource Guide located at <u>http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply/assistance/NAP</u>. Alternative sources must have the same parameters for each indicator as the source in the Data Resource Guide. For example, any source used for diabetes prevalence must provide age-adjusted rates. See the Data Resource Guide for more information.
- Responses to all indicators must be expressed in the same format/unit of analysis identified on the worksheet (e.g., a mortality ratio cannot be used to provide a response to age-adjusted death rate). The following table provides examples of the unit and format of responses:

Format/Unit of Analysis	Example Format	Example Description
Percent	25%	25 percent of target population is uninsured
Prevalence expressed as a percent	8.5%	8.5 percent of population has asthma
Prevalence expressed as a rate	9 per 1,000 population	9 of every 1,000 infants die
Rate	50 per 100,000	50 hospital admissions for hypertension per 100,000 population
Ratio	3,000:1	3,000 people per every 1 primary care physician

*Note*: When entering rate or ratio data in EHB, provide only the variable number, not the entire ratio (i.e., 3,000:1 would be entered as 3,000).

## POPULATION BASIS FOR DATA

Provide data for three of four Core Barriers in Section 1, one Core Health Indicator for each of six categories in Section 2, and two of the 13 Other Health and Access Indicators in Section 3. All responses, with the exception of those for Core Barriers B, C, and D, should be based on data for the target population within the proposed service area to the extent appropriate and possible per the following table.

### **Data Reporting Guidelines Table**

Applicants should report data for the NFA Worksheet measures based on the population groups specified in the table below. In cases where data are not available for the specific service area or target population, applicants may use extrapolation techniques to make valid estimates using data available for related areas and population groups (see below). Where data are not directly available and extrapolation is not feasible, applicants should use the best available data describing the area or population to be served. In such a case, applicants must explain the data provided.

Form Sections	General Community 330(e) ONLY	General Community 330(e) plus one or more Special Populations (330(g), (h), and/or (i))	One or more Special Populations 330(g), (h), and/or (i)) ONLY
Core Barrier A: Population to One FTE Primary Care Physician	Target Population	Target Population	Target Population
Core Barrier B: Percent of Population below 200% of Poverty	Service Area	Service Area	Target Population
Core Barrier C: Percent of Population Uninsured	Service Area	Service Area	Target Population
Core Barrier D: Distance or Travel Time to Nearest Primary Care Provider Accepting New Medicaid and Uninsured Patients	N/A	N/A	N/A
Core Health Indicator Reporting	Target Population	Target Population	Target Population
Other Health and Access Indicator Reporting	Target Population	Target Population	Target Population

*Note:* Core Barrier D: Distance or Travel Time to Nearest Primary Care Physician Accepting New Medicaid and Uninsured Patients is not calculated based on population. For Core Barrier D, distance/time is measured from the proposed site to the nearest physician accepting new Medicaid and uninsured patients.

#### Extrapolation

For detailed instructions for each indicator and information on using and documenting acceptable extrapolation techniques, refer to the Data Resource Guide (available at <u>http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/apply/assistance/NAP</u>). Extrapolation to the service area, target population, or both may be needed. The need for extrapolation will depend on:

- Which Core Barrier or Health Indicator is being reported
- Whether the applicant is targeting the entire population within the service area or a specific subset of the population
- The availability and specificity of data for each Core Barrier and Health Indicator

The following scenarios assume that data is available according to differentiating demographics, and that the applicant can describe the target area or subpopulation to be served according to the demographics.

#### Scenario 1: Extrapolation to a Service Area from a larger area

Data are available at the county level but the applicant's service area includes only certain Census tracts within that county. The applicant would follow instructions in the Data Resource Guide for how to extrapolate data from the larger geographic area to the service area.

#### Scenario 2: Extrapolation to a Target Population from the Service Area population

Data are available at a geographic level that matches the service area, but the applicant is serving a specific target population within that area. The applicant would follow instructions in the Data Resource Guide for how to extrapolate data from the service area to the target population.

# Scenario 3: Extrapolation to a Service Area and Target Population from the total population in a larger area

Data are available at the county level. The applicant's target population is the low-income population in a service area comprised of certain Census tracts within that county. The applicant would follow instructions in the Data Resource Guide for how to extrapolate data from the county to the service area and the target population within that area.

*Note*: Applicants must document how extrapolation was conducted and what data sources were used. The Data Resource Guide provides additional detail on using and documenting acceptable extrapolation techniques. If data are not available to conduct a valid extrapolation to the specific service area and/or target population, the applicant must use data pertaining to the immediately surrounding geographic area/population (e.g., if target population data are not available, service area data may be used; if county level data are available, state level data cannot be used).

#### DATA RESPONSE AND SOURCES

The Data Resource Guide provides a listing of recommended data sources and instructions on utilizing these sources to report each indicator. Applicants may use these sources or other alternate publicly available data sources if the data is collected and analyzed in the same way as the suggested data source. Applicants must use the following guidelines when reporting data:

- (a) All data must be from a reliable and independent source, such as a state or local government agency, professional body, foundation, or other well-known organization using recognized, scientifically accepted data collection and/or analysis methods. Applicants must assure that any alternate sources used collect and report data in the same manner as the suggested data source.
- (b) Applicants must provide the following information:
  - **Data Response**—The data reported for each indicator on which the NFA score will be based.
  - Year to which Data Apply—Provide the year of the data source. If the data apply to a period of more than one year, provide the most recent year for the data reported.
  - **Data Source/Description**—If a data source other than what is included in the Data Resource Guide is utilized, name the data source and provide a rationale (e.g., more current, more geographically specific, more population specific). For example, if a county-level survey which meets all the required criteria was used, name that survey and provide a rationale for using it.
  - **Methodology Utilized/Extrapolation Method**—Provide the following information:
    - Extrapolation methodology used State whether extrapolation was from one geographic area to another, one population to another, both, or none.
    - Differentiating factor used Describe the demographic factor upon which the extrapolation was based (e.g., rates by age, gender) and data source.

- Level of geography State geographic basis for the data (e.g., the data source may be a national survey, but the geographic basis for extrapolation was at the county level).
- Identify Geographic Service Area or Target Population for Data—Define the service area and/or target population used (e.g., zip codes, Census tracts, MUA or MUP designation, population type).

#### NFA WORKSHEET SCORING (Maximum 100 points to be converted to a 20-point scale)

The NFA Worksheet will be scored out of a total possible 100 points. If no response or data source is provided for a Barrier or Indicator, **no** points will be awarded for that indicator.

#### **SECTION I: CORE BARRIERS (Maximum 60 points)**

A response is required for **3 of the 4 Core Barriers**. The points awarded for each Barrier response will be calculated using the point distributions provided below.

a.	Population to One FTE Primary	,
	Care Physician	

Population to One FTE Primary Care Physician		
Scaling	Points	
< 1641	0	
1641 to <1979	1	
1979 to <2318	2	
2318 to <2656	3	
2656 to <2995	4	
2995 to <3333	5	
3333 to <3672	6	
3672 to <4010	7	
4010 to <4348	8	
4348 to <4687	9	
4687 to <5025	10	
5025 to <5364	11	
5364 to <5702	12	
5702 to <6040	13	
6040 to <6379	14	
6379 to <6717	15	
6717 to <7056	16	
7056 to <7394	17	
7394 to <7733	18	
7733 to <8071	19	
≥ 8071	20	

#### b. Percent of Population Below 200 Percent of Poverty<sup>16</sup>

Percent of Population Below 200% of Poverty		
Scaling	Points	
< 36.6%	0	
36.6% to <38.2%	1	
38.2% to <39.8%	2	
39.8% to <41.5%	3	
41.5% to <43.1%	4	
43.1% to <44.7%	5	
44.7% to <46.3%	6	
46.3% to <47.9%	7	
47.9% to <49.6%	8	
49.6% to <51.2%	9	
51.2% to <52.8%	10	
52.8% to <54.4%	11	
54.4% to <56.1%	12	
56.1% to <57.7%	13	
57.7% to <59.3%	14	
59.3% to <60.9%	15	
60.9% to <62.5%	16	
62.5% to <64.2%	17	
64.2% to <65.8%	18	
65.8% to <67.4%	19	
≥ 67.4%	20	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Data must be submitted for the proposed service area (not the target population), unless serving special population(s) ONLY.

Percent of Population Uninsured		
Scaling	Points	
< 14.1%	0	
14.1% to <14.9%	1	
14.9% to <15.8%	2	
15.8% to <16.6%	3	
16.6% to <17.5%	4	
17.5% to <18.3%	5	
18.3% to <19.2%	6	
19.2% to <20.0%	7	
20.0% to <20.9%	8	
20.9% to <21.7%	9	
21.7% to <22.6%	10	
22.6% to <23.4%	11	
23.4% to <24.3%	12	
24.3% to <25.1%	13	
25.1% to <26.0%	14	
26.0% to <26.8%	15	
26.8% to <27.7%	16	
27.7% to <28.5%	17	
28.5% to <29.4%	18	
29.4% to <30.2%	19	
≥ 30.2%	20	

c. Percent of Population Uninsured<sup>17</sup>

d. Distance (miles) OR travel time (minutes) to
nearest primary care provider accepting new
Medicaid and uninsured patients

Distance (in miles)	Driving time (in minutes)	
Scaling	Scaling	Points
< 7	< 13	0
7 to <10	13 to <17	1
10 to <12	17 to <20	2
12 to <14	20 to <23	3
14 to <16	23 to <26	4
16 to <18	26 to <29	5
18 to <20	29 to <33	6
20 to <22	33 to <36	7
22 to <25	36 to <39	8
25 to <27	39 to <42	9
27 to <29	42 to <45	10
29 to <31	45 to <49	11
31 to <33	49 to <52	12
33 to <35	52 to <55	13
35 to <37	55 to <58	14
37 to <40	58 to <62	15
40 to <42	62 to <65	16
42 to <44	65 to <68	17
44 to <46	68 to <71	18
46 to <48	71 to <74	19
≥ 48	≥ 74	20

#### **SECTION II: CORE HEALTH INDICATORS (Maximum 30 points)**

Applicant must provide a response to **1 core health indicator from each of the 6 categories**: Diabetes, Cardiovascular Disease, Cancer, Prenatal and Perinatal Health, Child Health, and Behavioral Health. The table below provides the national median (50th percentile) benchmark and, where applicable, the severe (75th percentile) benchmark for each indicator within the six categories. Benchmarks are based on national public data sources such as the Centers for Disease Control, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HRSA, and the Census.

Applicants will receive four points for each response that **exceeds** the corresponding national median benchmark and one additional point if the response also **exceeds** the corresponding severe benchmark. Data that equal a benchmark will not receive any corresponding points.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Data must be submitted for the proposed service area (not the target population), unless serving special population(s) ONLY.

If an applicant determines that none of the specified indicators represent the applicant's service area or target population, the applicant may propose to use an "Other" alternative for that core health indicator category. In such a case, the applicant must specify the indicator's definition, data source, benchmark, source of the benchmark, and rationale for using the alternative indicator. However, the applicant will **NOT** be eligible for additional points for exceeding a severe benchmark (four points maximum for each "Other" indicator). See the Data Resource Guide for detailed instructions on providing documentation for an "Other" indicator.

SECTION II: CORE HEALTH INDICATOR CATEGORIES	National Median Benchmark (4 Points if Exceeded)	Severe Benchmark (1 Additional Point if Exceeded)
1. Diabetes	-	
1(a) Age-adjusted diabetes prevalence	8.1%	9.2%
1(b) Adult obesity prevalence	27.6%	30.2%
1(c) Age-adjusted diabetes mortality <sup>18</sup> rate (per 100,000)	22.5	24.8
1(d) Percent of diabetic Medicare enrollees not receiving a hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) test	18.0%	20.4%
1(e) Percent of adults (18 years and older) with no physical activity in the past month	24.0%	26.6%
1(f) Other	Provided by Applicant	N/A
2. Cardiovascular Disease	_	-
2(a) Hypertension hospital admission rate (18 years and older; per 100,000)	61.4	66.3
2(b) Congestive heart failure hospital admission rate (18 years and older; per 100,000)	361.7	378.3
2(c) Age-adjusted mortality from diseases of the heart <sup>19</sup> (per 100,000)	179.4	203.2
2(d) Proportion of adults reporting diagnosis of high blood pressure	28.7%	31.4%
2(e) Percent of adults who have not had their blood cholesterol checked within the last 5 years	23.1%	25.7%
2(f) Age-adjusted cerebrovascular disease mortality (per 100,000)	41.4	46.3
2(g) Other	Provided by Applicant	N/A
3. Cancer		
3(a) Cancer screening – percent of women 18 years and older with no Pap test in past 3 years	18.4%	20.1%
3(b) Cancer screening – percent of women 50 years and older with no mammogram in past 2 years	22.2%	25.8%
3(c) Cancer screening – percent of adults 50 years and older with no fecal occult blood test (FOBT) within the past 2 years	83.3%	85.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Number of deaths per 100,000 reported as due to diabetes as the underlying cause or as one of multiple causes of death (ICD-10 codes E10-E14).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Total number of deaths per 100,000 reported as due to heart disease (includes ICD-10 codes I00-I09, I11, I13, and I20-I51).

SECTION II: CORE HEALTH INDICATOR CATEGORIES	National Median Benchmark (4 Points if Exceeded)	Severe Benchmark (1 Additional Point if Exceeded)
3(d) Percent of adults who currently smoke cigarettes	17.3%	20.3%
3(e) Age-adjusted colorectal cancer mortality (per 100,000)	14.0	15.2
3(f) Age-adjusted breast cancer mortality (per 100,000) among females	22.1	23.8
<i>3(g) Other</i>	Provided by Applicant	N/A
4. Prenatal and Perinatal Health		
4(a) Low birth weight (<2500 grams) rate (5 year average)	7.9%	9.4%
4(b) Infant mortality rate (5 year average; per 1,000)	6.6	7.9
4(c) Births to teenage mothers (ages 15-19; percent of all births)	8.4%	10.0%
4(d) Late entry into prenatal care (entry after first trimester; percent of all births)	16.4%	21.1%
4(e) Cigarette use during pregnancy (percent of all pregnancies)	14.1%	18.2%
4(f) Percent of births that are preterm (<37 weeks gestational age)	12.0%	13.0%
4(g) Other	Provided by Applicant	N/A
5. Child Health		
5(a) Percent of children (19-35 months) not receiving recommended immunizations: 4-3-1-3-3-1-4 <sup>20</sup>	30.0%	34.6%
5(b) Percent of children not tested for elevated blood lead levels by 72 months of age	84.1%	89.3%
5(c) Pediatric asthma hospital admission rate (2-17 year olds; per 100,000)	116.0	148.3
5(d) Percent of children (10-17 years) who are obese	15%	18.1%
5(e) Other	Provided by Applicant	N/A
6. Behavioral Health		
6(a) Percent of adults with at least one major depressive episode in the past year	6.6%	7.3%
6(b) Suicide rate (per 100,000)	13.5	15.2
6(c) Binge alcohol use in the past month (percent of population 12 years and older)	24.1%	26.1%
6(d) Age-adjusted drug poisoning (i.e., overdose) mortality rate per 100,000 population	12.3	14.8
6(e) Other	Provided by Applicant	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> 4 DTaP, 3 polio, 1 MMR, 3 Hib, 3 hepatitis B, 1 varicella, and 4 Pneumococcal conjugate.

## SECTION III: OTHER HEALTH AND ACCESS INDICATORS (Maximum 10 points)

Applicants must provide responses to **2 of the 13** Other Health and Access Indicators. Applicants will receive 5 points for each response that **exceeds** the corresponding national median benchmark provided in the table below.

OTHER HEALTH AND ACCESS INDICATORS	National Median Benchmark (5 Points if Exceeded)
(a) Age-adjusted death rate (per 100,000)	764.8
(b) HIV infection prevalence	0.2%
(c) Percent elderly (65 and older)	15.2%
(d) Adult asthma hospital admission rate (18 years and older; per 100,000)	130.7
(e) Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease hospital admission rate (18 years and older; per 100,000)	227.2
(f) Influenza and pneumonia death <sup>21</sup> rate (3 year average; per 100,000)	18.6
(g) Adult current asthma prevalence	9.0%
(h) Age-adjusted unintentional injury deaths (per 100,000)	40.0
(i) Percent of population linguistically isolated (people 5 years and over who speak a language other than English at home)	10.3%
(j) Percent of adults (18+ years old) that could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost	13.4%
(k) Percentage of adults 65 years and older who have not had a flu shot in the past year	32.6%
(l) Chlamydia (sexually transmitted infection) rate (per 100,000)	
(m) Percent of adults without a visit to a dentist or dental clinic in the past year for any reason	30.4%

## CONVERSION OF NFA WORKSHEET SCORE TO APPLICATION SCORE

The NFA Worksheet will be converted to a 20-point scale using the following conversion table. The converted NFA Worksheet score will account for up to 20 points out of 100 total points for the overall application score (up to 20 of the available 30 points for the <u>NEED</u> section of the Project Narrative). Applicants will be able to view the scores for each NFA section in the read-only version of the form accessible in the Review section of the Program Specific Forms. The total NFA Worksheet score can also be found on the Summary Page for the Program Specific Forms. Applicants should ensure their understanding of the system-calculated score prior to application submission.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Three year average number of deaths per 100,000 due to influenza and pneumonia (ICD 10 codes J09-J18).

## NFA WORKSHEET TO APPLICATION SCORE CONVERSION TABLE

NFA		Converted
Worksheet		Application
Score		Need Score
100-96	=	20
95-91	=	19
90-86	=	18
85-81	=	17
80-76	=	16
75-71	=	15
70-66	=	14
65-61	=	13
60-56	=	12
55-51	=	11
50-46	=	10
45-41	=	9
40-36	=	8
35-31	=	7
30-26	=	6
25-21	=	5
20-16	=	4
15-11	=	3
10-6	=	2
5-1	=	1