

Medicare & Medicaid EHR Incentive Programs

Robert Anthony

Deputy Director, Health IT Initiatives Group Office of E-Health Standards and Services Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services





Eligibility



Who is Eligible to Participate?

- Eligibility was defined in statute
- Hospital-based EPs are NOT eligible for incentives
 - DEFINITION: 90% or more of their covered professional services in either an inpatient (POS 21) or emergency room (POS 23) of a hospital
 - Incentives are based on the individual, not the practice



Medicare-only Eligible Professionals

Medicaid-only Eligible Professionals

Doctors of Optometry Doctors of Podiatric Medicine Chiropractor Doctors of Medicine Doctors of Osteopathy Doctors of Dental Medicine or Surgery Nurse practitioners Certified nurse midwives Physician assistants (PAs) when working at an FQHC or RHC that is so led by a PA

Could be eligible for both Medicare & Medicaid incentives



Hospitals only eligible for Medicare incentive Subsection(d) hospitals in 50 U.S. states and the District Medicare incentive Medicare incentive Medicare incentive Children's hospitals

Subsection(d) hospitals in 50 U.S. states and the District of Columbia* Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs)*

*without 10% Medicaid

Most subsection(d) hospitals/ acute care hospitals Most CAHs Children's hospitals Acute care hospitals in the territories Cancer hospitals

Could be eligible for both Medicare & Medicaid (most hospitals)



- Must be one of 5 types of EPs
- Must either:
 - Have ≥ 30% Medicaid patient volume (≥ 20% for pediatricians only); or
 - Practice predominantly in an FQHC or RHC with ≥30% needy individual patient volume
- Licensed, credentialed
- No OIG exclusions, living
- Must not be hospital-based



Meaningful Use



A Conceptual Approach to Meaningful Use

Improved outcomes

Advanced clinical processes

Data capture and sharing



What are the Requirements of Stage 1 Meaningful Use?

2 Years		2 Years		And so on	
Stage 1 –	Stage 1 –	Stage 2 –	Stage 2 –	Stage 3 –	Stage 3 –
90 Days	1 Year				



What are the Requirements of Meaningful Use?

- Basic Overview of Meaningful Use:
 - Reporting period is 90 days for first year and I year subsequently
 - Progressive stages of participation
 - Reporting through attestation
 - Objectives and Clinical Quality Measures
 - Reporting may be yes/no or numerator/denominator attestation
 - To meet certain objectives/measures, 80% of patients must have records in the certified EHR technology



What are the Requirements of Stage 1?

Stage 1

Eligible Professionals

15 core objectives

5 of 10 menu objectives

20 total objectives

Eligible Hospitals & CAHs

14 core objectives

5 of 10 menu objectives

19 total objectives



Stage 1 EP Core Objectives

I5 Core Objectives

- I. Computerized physician order entry (CPOE)
- 2. E-Prescribing (eRx)
- 3. Report ambulatory clinical quality measures to CMS/States
- 4. Implement one clinical decision support rule
- 5. Provide patients with an electronic copy of their health information, upon request
- 6. Provide clinical summaries for patients for each office visit
- 7. Drug-drug and drug-allergy interaction checks
- 8. Record demographics
- 9. Maintain an up-to-date problem list of current and active diagnoses
- 10. Maintain active medication list
- II. Maintain active medication allergy list
- 12. Record and chart changes in vital signs
- 13. Record smoking status for patients 13 years or older
- 14. Capability to exchange key clinical information among providers of care and patient-authorized entities electronically
- 15. Protect electronic health information



Stage 1 EP Menu Objectives

5 of 10 Menu Objectives

- I. Drug-formulary checks
- 2. Incorporate clinical lab test results as structured data
- 3. Generate lists of patients by specific conditions
- 4. Send reminders to patients per patient preference for preventive/follow up care
- 5. Provide patients with timely electronic access to their health information
- 6. Use certified EHR technology to identify patient-specific education resources and provide to patient, if appropriate
- 7. Medication reconciliation
- 8. Summary of care record for each transition of care/referrals
- 9. Capability to submit electronic data to immunization registries/systems*
- 10. Capability to provide electronic syndromic surveillance data to public health agencies*

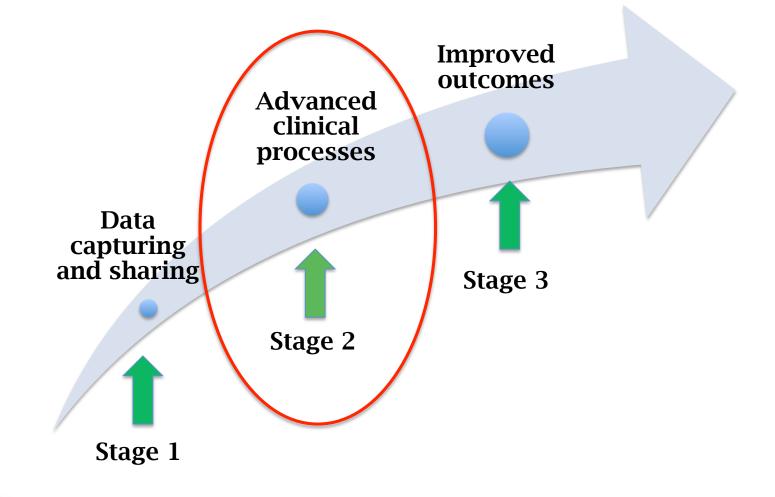
* At least <u>I</u> public health menu objective + 4 others



Applicability of Meaningful Use Objectives and Measures

- Some MU objectives not applicable to every provider's clinical practice, thus they would not have any eligible patients or actions for the measure denominator.
 Exclusions do not count against the 5 deferred measures
- In these cases, the eligible professional, eligible hospital or CAH would be excluded from having to meet that measure
 - Eg: Dentists who do not perform immunizations; Chiropractors do not e-prescribe





(HR) What are the Requirements of **Stage 2 Meaningful Use?**



14 core objectives 5 of 10 menu objectives 19 total objectives

16 core objectives

3 of 6 menu objectives

19 total objectives



Stage 1 Menu → Stage 2 Core

- Lab Results
- Patient Lists
- Patient Education
- Summary of Care Records
- Medication Reconciliation
- Immunizations
- Patient Reminders
- Online Patient Information

EP



- Lab Results
- Patient Lists
- Patient Education
- Summary of Care Records
- Medication Reconciliation
- Immunizations
- Public health lab results
- Syndromic surveillance

Hospital





- Secure Messaging
- Family Health History
- Imaging Results
- Registry Reporting
- Progress Notes

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- Family Health History
- Imaging Results
- Registry Reporting
- Progress Notes
- E-Prescribing
- eMAR
- Electronic lab results

Hospital





• **Patient engagement** – engagement is an important focus of Stage 2.

Requirements for Patient Action:

- More than 5% of patients must send secure messages to their EP
- <u>More than 5% of patients</u> must access their health information online

• **EXCLUSIONS** – CMS is introducing exclusions based on broadband availability in the provider's county.



Closer Look at Stage 2: Electronic Exchange

Stage 2 focuses on actual use cases of electronic information exchange:

- Stage 2 requires that a provider send a summary of care record for <u>more</u> <u>than 50%</u> of transitions of care and referrals.
- The rule also requires that a provider electronically transmit a summary of care for <u>more than 10%</u> of transitions of care and referrals.
- At least one summary of care document sent electronically to recipient with different EHR vendor or to CMS test EHR.



Core Objective	Measure
1. CPOE	Use CPOE for more than 60% of medication, 30% of laboratory, and 30% of radiology
2. E-Rx	E-Rx for more than 50%
3. Demographics	Record demographics for more than 80%
4. Vital Signs	Record vital signs for more than 80%
5. Smoking Status	Record smoking status for more than 80%
6. Interventions	Implement 5 clinical decision support interventions + drug/drug and drug/allergy
7. Labs	Incorporate lab results for more than 55%
8. Patient List	Generate patient list by specific condition
9. Preventive Reminders	Use EHR to identify and provide reminders for preventive/follow-up care for more than 10% of patients with two or more office visits in the last 2 years



Core Objective	Measure
10. Patient Access	Provide online access to health information for more than 50% with more than 5% actually accessing
11. Visit Summaries	Provide office visit summaries for more than 50% of office visits
12. Education Resources	Use EHR to identify and provide education resources more than 10%
13. Secure Messages	More than 5% of patients send secure messages to their EP
14. Rx Reconciliation	Medication reconciliation at more than 50% of transitions of care
15. Summary of Care	Provide summary of care document for more than 50% of transitions of care and referrals with 10% sent electronically and at least one sent to a recipient with a different EHR vendor or successfully testing with CMS test EHR
16. Immunizations	Successful ongoing transmission of immunization data
17. Security Analysis	Conduct or review security analysis and incorporate in risk management process



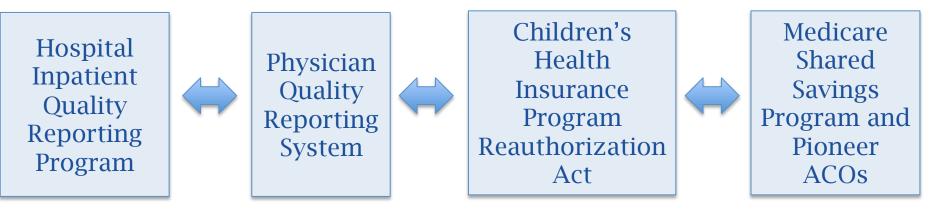
Menu Objective	Measure
1. Imaging Results	More than 10% of imaging results are accessible through Certified EHR Technology
2. Family History	Record family health history for more than 20%
3. Syndromic Surveillance	Successful ongoing transmission of syndromic surveillance data
4. Cancer	Successful ongoing transmission of cancer case information
5. Specialized Registry	Successful ongoing transmission of data to a specialized registry
6. Progress Notes	Enter an electronic progress note for more than 30% of unique patients



Clinical Quality Measures



- CMS's commitment to alignment includes finalizing the <u>same CQMs used in multiple quality reporting</u> <u>programs</u> for reporting beginning in 2014
- Other programs include Hospital IQR Program, PQRS, CHIPRA, and Medicare SSP and Pioneer ACOs



Electronic Submission of CQMs Beginning in 2014

- Beginning in 2014, all Medicare-eligible providers in their second year and beyond of demonstrating meaningful use <u>must electronically</u> <u>report</u> their CQM data to CMS.
- Medicaid providers will report their CQM data to their state, which may include electronic reporting.



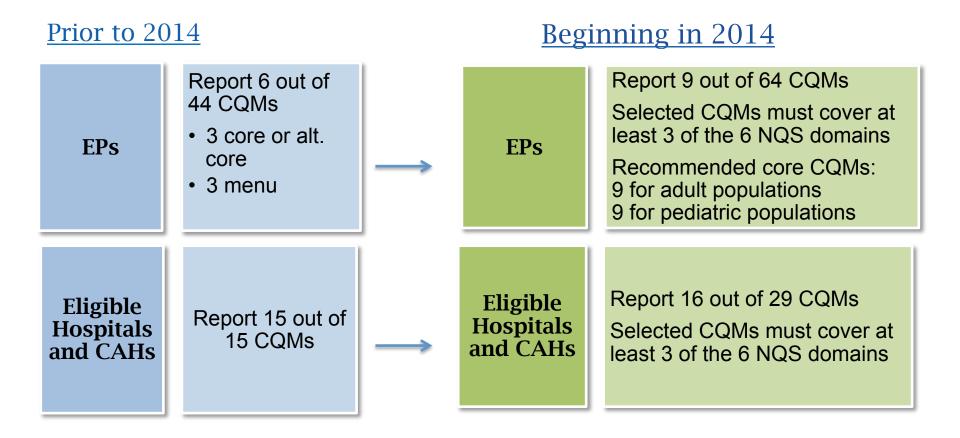


All providers must select CQMs from <u>at least 3 of the 6</u> HHS National Quality Strategy domains:

- Patient and Family Engagement
- Patient Safety
- Care Coordination
- Population and Public Health
- □ Efficient Use of Healthcare Resources
- Clinical Processes/Effectiveness









Stage 2 Resources

CMS Stage 2 Webpage:

 <u>http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Legislation/</u> EHRIncentivePrograms/Stage_2.html

Links to the Federal Register

Stage 2 Meaningful Use Specification Sheets

Tipsheets:

- Stage 2 Overview
- 2014 Clinical Quality Measures
- Payment Adjustments & Hardship Exceptions (EPs & Hospitals)
- Stage 1 Changes
- Stage 1 vs. Stage 2 Tables (EPs & Hospitals)