Women In Need (WINK)

Accessing Care in a 'Universally Accessible' Health Care System

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Overview

- Background Sherbourne Health Centre
- Developing a Program WINK
- Breaking Down the Barriers
- Recognizing Strength
- Developing a Model of Care
- Mobile Outreach
- The women of WINK

Sherbourne Health Centre

- Established community-based health centre in downtown Toronto, Ontario,
 Canada
- Offers quality primary healthcare, programs, and services that support physical and emotional wellbeing, including counselling, health promotion, mobile health services, complementary and alternative care, support groups, drop-ins, training and mentoring
- Primary populations of focus are:
 - Newcomer
 - Urban Health
 - LGBT (lesbian, gay, bisexual and trans) communities

Developing a Program - WINK

Health Bus Outreach to Sex Workers:

- Early Wednesday outreach
- On the street from 5:00 am 9:00 am
- Survey and planning process
- Identified need for primary care
- Partnership development
- Sub-Committee created
- Began as a pilot project, facilitated by front line staff

How WINK Operates

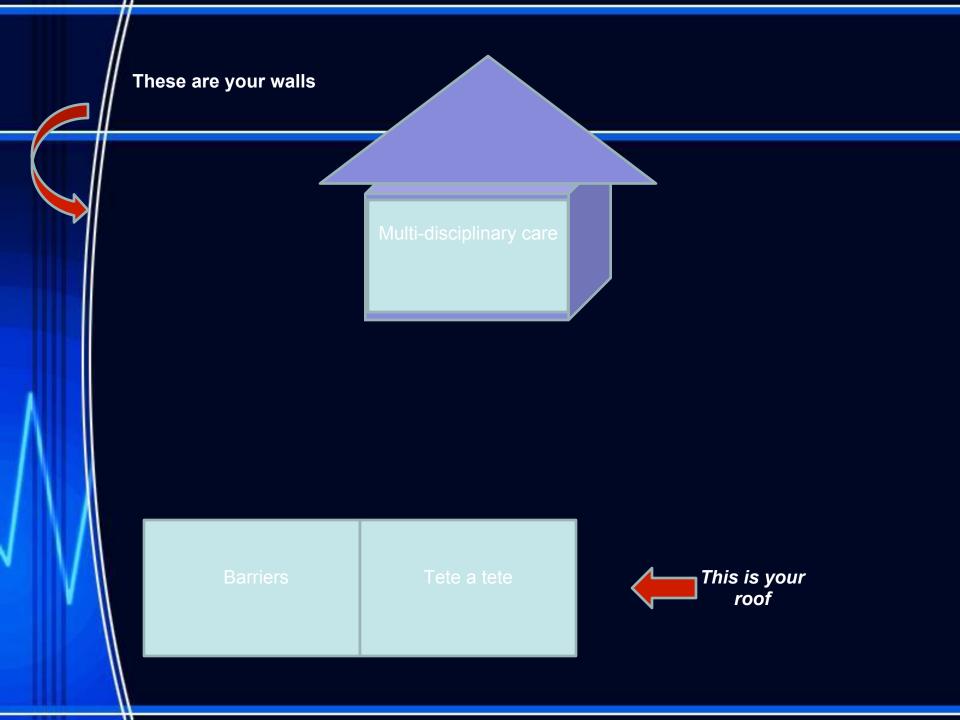
- Every Wednesday from 08:30-11:30
- Drop-in format: women come and go as they need
- Offer healthy, buffet style food
- Harm reduction, hygiene supplies
- Medical care & Health teaching
- Counselling
- Staff:
 - collect demographic information
 - welcome and engaging clients
 - de-escalate when needed
 - refer to appropriate services
 - supervise clinic

How WINK operates continued

- Environmental layout encourages socialization
- Welcoming environment; music, Clients addressed by name
- Organic storytelling encouraged with each other and with staff
- Activities include:
 - Art therapy
 - Crafts and game
 - Activities; ie spring planting, book drive
 - Mindfulness meditation and group walks
 - Trips to other community events (ie art exhibit)

THIS IS YOUR LETES ILTO OKENSIDE...

The 4 walls and 2 sided roof are your foundation....





Reconstruction!





Breaking down the Barriers

Barriers to accessing care

- Environmental
- 。 Stigma
- 。 Trauma
- Shame and shame-culture
- Lack of OHIP, status, medical coverage
- Difficulty accessing safe spaces
- Difficulty with set or inflexible appointment times
- Communication follow up, phone access
- Addiction
- . Hours of work
- 。 Culture
- Access to food
- Social isolation
- 。 Transportation
- Distrust of medical providers or organizations
- Past experiences

Recognizing Strength - Clients

- Sense of community
- Resources created by populations:
 - Bad Date Book
 - Safer Strolls
 - Narcan Peer training
 - Sketch Art-based
 - Knowledge of services
- Group accountability and self regulation ie pain management, substance use
- Shared learning
- Normalization ie STI testing, mental health, trans-inclusive women's spaces
- Chronic disease management, and primary care teaching, in groups (request PAPs, HIV rapid testing, Hep C after group learning)

Recognizing Strength - Providers

- Experience working with marginalized communities
- Existing community of service providers
- Ability to navigate systems
- Consistency
- Working outside of a traditional medical model in a community of collaborative care

Developing a Model of Care

Partnerships

- Maggies Toronto Sex Worker Action Project
- Safer Strolls Peer Support
- HOP Hostel Outreach, Case Management
- Streets 2 Homes outreach and housing
- Long term counselling
- Diabetic RN and Dietitian
- Chiropody, chiropractic, naturopathic
- Hep C programming
- Street Health
- 410 Women's Drop In
- Adelaide Women's Resource Centre

Consolidated Service

- Services that are immediately available to all women who enter the drop in
 - 。 Food
 - Health care teaching
 - . Harm reduction supplies
 - 。 Toiletries
 - Other sundries (vitamins, socks, clothing donations)
 - Facilitated Art
 - Group counselling
 - Planned activities
 - In-house referrals (Infirmary, chiropody, chiropractic, naturopathic, longterm counselling, Hep C group, Diabetes management
- If unconnected, access to ongoing primary health care services through nurse and physician

Multidisciplinary Care

- Group RN Rotation between Health Bus and Infirmary
 - Supervise/coordinate clinic
 - Health teaching and programing
 - o Intake and Triage
- Outreach worker
 - Smooth running of group
 - o Off site referrals
 - o De-escalation
- Primary care MD/NP
- Priamry Care RN
- Mental Health Counsellor
 - o Also runs art facilitation and Mindfullness Meditation
- Peer Volunteers: Street Health and Regent Park CHC

Multidisciplinary - behind the scenes

- Long term counselling
- •Each team shares refreshment expenses
 - •buying &preparing food
- Ongoing feedback from clients
- Placement Students training and orientation
- Cient volunteers training and orientation
- Development Coordinator solicits donation
- WINK Team
 - Weekly debrief and monthly meeting
 - Monitor progress
 - Discuss cases
 - •Build in time for program assessment and development

Coordinated Care

- Conversations with other health care providers to reduce overlap of services
- Work with outreach to identify clients and accompany to WINK
- Refer to Case Management through HOP
 - follow up in community
- Work with other programs within SHC to break down siloed care

The Importance of Mobile Outreach

- Relationship development
- A face in the community
- Meet people where they are at
- Commitment to care anytime anywhere
 Times and locations of HB stops
- Facilitation of access

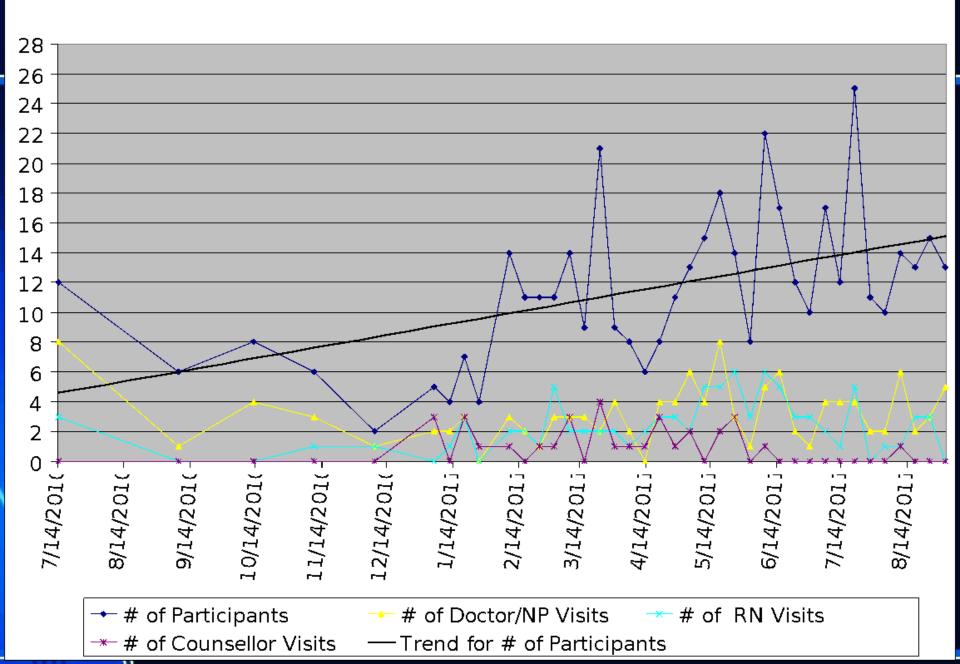
Profile of the Women at WINK

- Street involved
- Women in sex work
- •Women who stay in shelter or rooming houses women living with poverty
- Presenting mental health
- Trans women
- Substance use
- Many with Chronic illness
- Isolated, little social support or engagement
- •Age range: late 20s to 60+
- Most have no ongoing primary health care providers

Program Stats

- •Visits in since 2010
- Average # of women at each clinic 20-35
- •Total # primary care visits for 2011:
 - DR/NP #155
 - RN #134
 - Counselling # 39
- Because of WINK, more women access other SHC programs

WINK STATs - Visi



WINK's Success

- Establishing program based on needs of our intended population: survey 2010
- •Timing: following the HB outreach, referral from the HB; sex worker stop and Fred Victor women's shelter
- •Accessible services: quick access to health care a case: a z in 45 minutes
- •Format: casual, provides opportunity to meet medical staff, peers, and support staff in a friendly and supportive environment

Success continues...

- •Dynamic: drop-in uses both health promotion and medical approaches to improving the health of the clients
- Many of the women in need now have access to primary care and support services
- Women establishing social network with each other
- Opportunities for clients to volunteer, be mentored
- Provides teaching ground for student placement
- Women share stories and express self
- •Model of care: Interdisciplinary Team
- Drop-In is well coordinated

Success cont'd

 Formation of network with other Women Drop-Ins; work in partnerships

- Other women's clinics are looking to WINK as an example of a successful and innovative health care service delivery model
- Request from CRCT, SMH to partner and work on site
- •Some success getting donation food and clothing